## IN THE CLAIMS:

The status of each claim that has been introduced in the above-referenced application is identified in the ensuing listing of the claims. This listing of the claims replaces all previously submitted claims listings.

25. (Currently amended) A fluorescence assay, comprising the steps of:
providing a waveguide which is optically conductive and which has at least one surface having a
plurality of capture oligonucleotides immobilized site-specifically to substantially all
regions of the at least one surface having a base coating thereon, the base coating being
located only on portions of the at least one surface, wherein the capture oligonucleotides
have a binding site which selectively binds a selected analyte;

providing a light source operable to emit a light beam in a desired wavelength range and positioned to send light into the waveguide;

providing a detection element operably disposed to directly collect radiated fluorescence emitted from molecules located adjacent to a surface of the waveguide;

providing a sample comprising a buffer and a plurality of molecules of a selected analyte; providing a plurality of tracer molecules which are operable to emit fluorescence in response to

stimulation by an evanescent field adjacent to a surface of the waveguide; combining the sample with the tracer molecules to produce a test solution; placing the test solution in contact with the waveguide surface while operating the light source to

direct light into the waveguide to generate the evanescent field; and selectively and directly collecting radiated fluorescent light emitted from the tracer molecules.

26. (Currently amended) The assay of Claim 25, wherein said step of providing a waveguide with site-specifically immobilized capture oligonucleotides includes the steps of: coating the waveguide surface with a first the base coating to produce a coated surface; providing a plurality of capture oligonucleotides;

- modifying a single moiety which is the same on each capture molecule, to produce activated capture oligonucleotides having a modified moiety constructed to be coupled to the first base coating; and
- treating the coated surface with the activated capture oligonucleotides under conditions to cause the modified moiety to couple to the <u>first-base</u> coating and thereby immobilize the activated capture oligonucleotides to the waveguide surface.
- 27. (Currently amended) The assay of Claim 25, wherein said first the base coating is selected from the group consisting of: avidin, biotin, a hydrogel formed of polymethacryloyl polymers, and a modified polyethylene glycol.
- 28. (Currently amended) The assay of Claim 25, wherein an oligonucleotide primer acting as a capture oligonucleotide complementary to <u>saidthe</u> analyte is immobilized to <u>saidthe</u> waveguide by amine-reactive, thiol-reactive, or (strep) avidin-biotin coupling chemistry.
- 29. (Currently amended) The assay of Claim 25, wherein saidthe tracer molecules are complementary to a second sequence of saidthe analyte.